UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN SOUTHERN DIVISION

METROPOLITAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

Plaintiff,

v.

GAIL HARBISON, et al,

Defendants.

2:25-CV-10070-TGB-APP

HON. TERRENCE G. BERG

ORDER GRANTING
MOTION FOR DEFAULT
JUDGMENT
AND
ENTERING JUDGMENT
AGAINST JOHN HARBISON
AND WILLIAM HARBISON
(ECF NO. 21)

This is an interpleader action that Metropolitan Life Insurance Company ("Plaintiff") filed on January 9, 2025, to determine to whom insurance benefits should be paid. ECF No. 1, PageID.8. At issue is who should receive the life insurance benefits of Thomas A. Harbison ("Decedent"): Gail Harbison, Decedent's widow, John Harbison, William Harbison, Katherine Diley and Matthew Harbison, Decedent's children, and Varmeulen-Sajewski Funeral Homes, LLC, who Gail Harbison paid \$6,989.50 of benefits for Decedent's funeral. *Id.* at PageID.1-3, PageID.7.

Diley, Gail Harbison, and Varmeulen-Sajewski Funeral Homes, LLC filed Answers to Plaintiff's Complaint. ECF Nos. 10; 11; 12. But John, William, and Matthew Harbison have not filed Answers nor appeared. On April 16, 2025, the Clerk of Court entered defaults against

John and William Harbison. ECF Nos. 18; 19. Now, Plaintiff moves for the entry of a default judgment against John and William Harbison, such that they forfeit any claim of entitlement to the life insurance benefits of Decedent. ECF No. 21, PageID.210, PageID.218-19.

Courts grant this remedy in interpleader cases. See Mt. Carmel Mercy Hosp. v. United States, 702 F. Supp. 627, 628 (E.D. Mich. 1989) (Gilmore, J.) (granting default judgment against defaulted parties with respect to the interpleader fund); New York Life Ins. Co. v. Scrimger, No. 2:19-CV-10146, 2020 WL 6075522, at *2 (E.D. Mich. Oct. 14, 2020) (Tarnow, J.) (entering default judgment against would-be interpleader claimants who were served and failed to respond).

This remedy is appropriate. The Court may grant default judgment against a defendant who fails to respond to a complaint within 21 days of service. Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(a)(1)(A)(i); Fed. R. Civ. P. 55. Plaintiff served John Harbison and William Harbison with the Complaint on February 24, 2025, more than 21 days ago. See ECF Nos. 7; 9. Here, where Plaintiff seeks a judgment that is not for "a sum certain," Plaintiff must apply to the Court—as they did—for default judgment. Fed. R. Civ. P. 55(b)(2). Under the circumstances of this Motion, the Court need not conduct an accounting, determine the amount of damages, establish the truth of any allegation by evidence, or investigate any other matter. Fed. R. Civ. P. 55(b)(2); see also New York Life Ins. Co., 2020 WL 6075522, at *2. John and William Harbison were obligated to respond to Plaintiff's

interpleader complaint to preserve their right to share in the life

insurance benefits, but they have not done so. Moreover, Plaintiff served

their Motion by certified mail on John and William Harbison on May 7,

2025. ECF No. 21, PageID.220. The time to respond to this Motion under

Local Rule 7.1 has passed.

Therefore, the Court **ORDERS** as follows:

1. Plaintiff's motion for default judgment against William

Harbison and John Harbison is **GRANTED**.

2. Judgment is entered in favor of Plaintiff and against William

Harbison and John Harbison. Neither William Harbison nor John

Harbison are entitled to any share of the judgment proceeds in the

underlying interpleader action; and

3. Plaintiff, Ford Motor Company ("Ford") and the ERISA-

regulated employee welfare benefit plan sponsored by Ford for the benefit

of its employees and retirees are discharged from further liability to

William Harbison and John Harbison relating to the life insurance

benefits at issue in the underlying interpleader action.

SO ORDERED.

Dated: May 29, 2025

/s/Terrence G. Berg

HON. TERRENCE G. BERG

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

3